

EXPRESSION OF CONCERN

Open Access



Expression of Concern: Human amniotic epithelial cells can differentiate into granulosa cells and restore folliculogenesis in a mouse model of chemotherapy-induced premature ovarian failure

Rocky S. Tuan^{1*} and Timothy O'Brien²

Expression of concern

After publication of this article [1] it was brought to the Editors' attention that it was previously published by the *OMICS Journal of Stem Cell Research & Therapy*. The authors report that they requested retraction before submission to *Stem Cell Research & Therapy* but did not receive a response. The *OMICS Journal of Stem Cell Research & Therapy* has now removed the article from its website without a formal retraction notice. Given that this article is no longer a duplicate publication, we have decided not to retract this version. We are issuing this Expression of Concern to alert readers should they find versions of the *OMICS Journal of Stem Cell Research & Therapy* article before it was removed from that journal's website. We apologize to all affected parties.

Author details

¹Center for Cellular and Molecular Engineering, Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, Pittsburgh, 15219 PA, USA. ²REMDI, CURAM, National University of Ireland Galway, Galway, Ireland.

Received: 19 October 2015 Accepted: 20 October 2015

Published online: 08 December 2015

References

1. Wang F, Wang L, Yao X, Lai D, Guo L. Human amniotic epithelial cells can differentiate into granulosa cells and restore folliculogenesis in a mouse model of chemotherapy-induced premature ovarian failure. *Stem Cell Res Ther*. 2013;4:124. doi:10.1186/scrt335.

* Correspondence: rst13@pitt.edu

The authors are Editors-in-Chief of *Stem Cell Research & Therapy*

¹Center for Cellular and Molecular Engineering, Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, Pittsburgh, 15219 PA, USA

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at
www.biomedcentral.com/submit



© 2015 Tuan and O'Brien. **Open Access** This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated.